## **OpenTopography**:

Increasing the Impact of High Resolution Topography through Open, Online Access to Data and Processing

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# OpenTopography

## Multi-Temporal, High-Resolution Topography





*Democratize* online access to Earth science-oriented high-resolution topography

- Lidar (ALS & TLS), Structure from Motion photogrammetry, satellite (SRTM, AW3D30)
- Tiered access to data from raw point cloud to easy to use derived products





### OpenTopography Multi-Tiered Data Products

**Google Earth (KMZ)**: visualization & synoptic data browsing



**DEMs**: qualitative & quantitative analysis, GIS-users, data integration



## **Motivations:**

EarthScope collected highresolution topography along active faults in the western United States



- Goal: maximize access to data to achieve greatest scientific impact
- Big data treat data as an asset that can be used and reused
  - Co-locate data with processing





Supported by the US National Science Foundation (EAR/IF No. 1226353 & 1225810)

Founded 2009. Built on concepts & tech initiated in ~2004

**Community focused collaboration between cyberinfrastructure** & domain experts

























## Data



- 242datasets

- 211,628 km<sup>2</sup> lidar pt cloud data

- 1 Trillion pts

## Data Partnerships:

**NSF**: NCALM, UNAVCO, CZOs, LTER

**Other**: USGS, World Bank, Tahoe Regional Planning Authority, Teton Conservation District, Oregon Lidar Consortium, Idaho Lidar Consortium, Sonoma County Veg Map, State of Indiana, PG&E, Land Info New Zealand



## **Global Topographic Data**

#### Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM GL1) Global 30m

#### **Overview**



ALOS World 3D - 30m

#### Overview

The Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM) obtained elevation data on a near-global scale to digital topographic database of Earth. SRTM consisted of a specially modified radar system that during an 11-day mission in February of 2000. SRTM is an international project spearheaded by (NGA) and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

Version 3: Elimination of the voids in the NASA SRTM DEM was the primary goal of a project up System Data Records for Use in Research Environments) Program. Ultimately this was achieved primarily from the ASTER GDEM2 (Global Digital Elevation Model Version 2) and secondarily fi the USGS National Elevation Dataset (NED). NASA SRTM V3.0 three-arc-second data are provi averaging of the one arc-second samples, and (2) by extracting the middle sample of those same on this dataset visit the LP DAAC NASA Shuttle Radar Topography Mission Global 1 arc second

Platform: Satellite Data	<i>Survey Area</i> : 119,560,000 km <sup>2</sup>	Raster Resolution: 30 n
Full Metadata	Dataset Acknowledgement Q	Partners: NASA, NGA
	Select Other Available Data Products: Raste	r: [SRTM GL3] [SRT

#### 1. Select area of data to process: ①



The ALOS Global Digital Surface Model (AW3D30) is a global dataset generated from images collected using the Panchromatic Remote-sensing Instrument for Stereo Mapping (PRISM) aboard the Advanced Land Observing Satellite (ALOS) from 2006 to 2011. As described by the Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency: The Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA) releases the global digital surface model (DSM) dataset with a horizontal resolution of approx. 30-meter mesh (1 arcsec) free of charge. The dataset has been compiled with images acquired by the Advanced Land Observing Satellite "DAICHI" (ALOS). The dataset is published based on the DSM dataset (5-meter mesh version) of the "World 3D Topographic Data", which is the most precise



global-scale elevation data at this time, and its elevation precision is also at a world-leading level as a 30-meter mesh version. This dataset is expected to be useful for scientific research, education, as well as the private service sector that uses geospatial information.

Version: May 2016: Global terrestrial region (within approx. 82 deg. of N/S latitudes) of Version 1 released (approx. 22,100 tiles)

Note: JAXA provides two versions of AW3D30 created from the original 5-meter mesh using different downsampling methods: average (provided here) and median (not available from OpenTopography).

Platform: Satellite Data	Survey Area: N/A	Raste	Resolution: 30 meter	Survey Date: 01/01/2006 - 01/01/2011
Full Metadata	Dataset Acknowledgement Q	Collec	tor: JAXA	
	Select Other Available Data Prod	ucts:	Raster Bulk Download	

#### 1. Select area of data to process: ①







### Latest News

#### OpenTopography Team to Develop Cyberinfrastructure for NASA's ICESat-2 Data

Mar 7, 2017

The San Diego Supercomputer Center (SDSC) and Scripps Institution of Oceanography at the University of California San Diego, in collaboration...

Three new global topographic datasets available (SRTM Ellipsoidal, ALOS World 3D, GMRT)

Feb 1, 2017

#### Data Summary

Point Cloud datasets: 232 Point Cloud area: 195,273 km<sup>2</sup> Number of lidar returns: 923,353,723,4 59

Raster datasets: 116 Global DEM area: 239,120,000 km<sup>2</sup> High resolution DEM area: 135,916 km<sup>2</sup>





- 16,548 registered users
- Diverse (& international)
  user base across
  academia, industry,
  government
- 183,000 jobs, 3.4 trillion points processed
- 86,000 SRTM & AW3D30 jobs



High Performance Computing More data & users, complex analysis = increased compute challenges

TauDEM – Hydrologic analysis of terrain data:

▼ 4. Hydrologic Terrain Analysis Products (TauDEM): ②

Hydrologically correct DEM with pits
 filled

- D-Infinity Flow Direction
  D8 Flow Direction:
- ⑦ Infinity Specific Catchment Area
- 🖉 🗹 D8 Contributing Area



# Dedicated Gordon supercomputer node:

I/O Node 48 GB Memory/4.8TB Flash memory + 16 Compute nodes, 64GB memory + InfiniBand

# *Democratization* of supercomputing resources



Mount Rainier, WA hydrologic network calculated with TauDEM in OT

Red = catchment area of 100 m<sup>2</sup>. Blue = catchment area > 610,000 m<sup>2</sup>. Kautz Creek flows through the large valley near the center of the image.



e earth

## **CHALLENGES & OPPORTUNITIES**

- Bigger, faster, more complex
- More data, more users

penTopography



C ASI UNAVCO

- Data collection technology eclipses algorithms and software – 33 khz (2003) vs 900 khz (today)
- Full waveform lidar & integration w/ hyperspectral
- Integration of community developed processing into architecture (*pluggable services*)



# Thanks!

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